



HISTORY

Q1. Mark the correct answer (✓): -

1. In which Indian city is the Taj Mahal located?

- a. Thane b. Ludhiana c. Agra d. Nashik

2. Which Mughal Emperor built the Taj Mahal?

- a. Babur b. Jahangir c. Shah Jahan d. Akbar

3. Of what material is the outside of the Taj Mahal mainly made?

- a. White marble b. Gray stone c. Ivory d. Gold painted stone

4. About how many years did it take to build the main body of the Taj Mahal (excluding the surrounding structures)?

- a. 14 b. 12 c. 10 d. 16

5. The Taj Mahal is one of the New Seven Wonders of the World. (True / False)

6. Which of these is NOT one of the only five things allowed to be brought into the Taj Mahal?

- a. Water in water bottles c. Cell phones
b. Still cameras d. Food in plastic bags

7. Where do many scientists believe that human life began?

- a) Africa b) Asia c) North America d) China

8. The earliest tools were made from

- a) iron b) animal skins c) fossils d) stone

9. The burial practices and artwork of early humans suggests that these people may have practiced animism, the belief that

- a) animals were equal to humans b) humans should never harm the natural world
c) the natural world is full of spirits d) spirits protect wild animals

10. What was one of the most important signs that early humans were developing a complex culture?

- a) The settlements of people near water
- b) The existence of cave paintings
- c) The emergence of hunter-gatherer societies
- d) The use of iron for making tools

Q2. Buildings of the middle ages:



Here are two buildings from the middle ages. Study the pictures and discuss the following questions:

1. Identify the buildings

2. Do you find anything in common between the architecture of the two buildings?

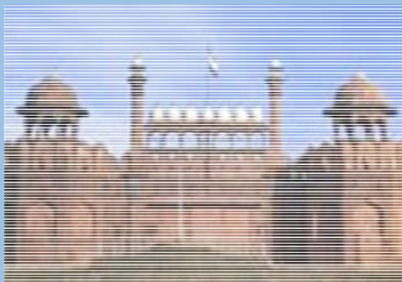
3. What is the shape of the roof?

4. What are the tall columns in the sides called?

5. What is special about the shape of the entrance?

Q3. Look at the pictures and identify the sources of History. The clues have been given below:

Clues: monument, inscription, artifact, coin, manuscript





Q4. Look at the above image. Write an imaginary probable story to show how fire might have been discovered.

[Note :-The answers will differ as each child will use his/her imagination to answer]

GEOGRAPHY

Q1. Mark the correct answer (✓): -

1. The following is (are) example(s) of celestial body (ies).
a. Sun b. Moon c. Stars d. All the above
2. The following is (are) true about Sun.
a. It is made up of gases c. It has its own heat and light
b. Sun is a star d. All the above
3. The different group of stars is known as
a. Constellations b. Celestial bodies c. Asteroids d. Comet
4. The following constellation consists of seven main stars.
a. Ursa major b. Ursa minor c. Hercules d. Lyra
- 5-The 'Pole star' is
a. North star b. South star c. East star d. West star
- 6-The following planet(s) has(have) ring around it(them)
a. Jupiter b. Saturn c. Uranus d. All the above
- 7-The sun is ____ million km away from the earth.
a. 100 b. 150 c. 200 d. 250
- 8-The correct ascending order of distance of planets from sun is
a. Mars, Earth, Jupiter, Saturn c. Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn
b. Earth, Mars, Saturn, Jupiter d. Earth, Jupiter, Mars, Saturn
- 9-The following planet is considered as 'Earth's-twin'
a. Mars b. Mercury c. Venus d. Saturn
- 10-The following planet is nearest to the Sun.
a. Mars b. Mercury c. Venus d. Saturn

Q2. Answer the below questions in One word or one line: -

1. Which planet is nearest to the earth?

Ans _____

2. Which planet is known as the Morning Star or the Evening Star?

Ans _____

3. Which is the largest planet in our solar system?

Ans _____

4. Which Planet Has the Most Moons?

Ans _____

5. Which planet is closest to the sun?

Ans _____

6. Which Is the Hottest Planet in the solar system?

Ans _____

7. Which Planets Have Rings around Them?

Ans _____

8. Which is the coldest and smallest of all planets?

Ans _____

9. What is the Orbital period of Moon?

Ans _____

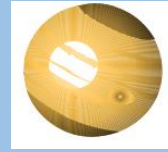
10. Which planet has the most volcanoes?

Ans _____

Q3. Match the following:

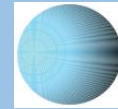
Draw a line from the fact to the object in the solar system.

1. The brightest object in the sky.



Jupiter

2. The biggest planet in the solar system.



Uranus

3. The coldest planet in the solar system.



Venus

4. The planet with the most life forms.



Mercury

5. The planet nearest the sun.



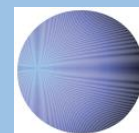
Sun

6. Hottest planet in the solar system.



Earth

7. The planet with the nickname "The Red Planet."



Neptune

8. Planet farthest from the sun.



Mars

9. This planet is so light, it could float in water.



Saturn

CIVICS

Q1. Mark the correct answer (✓): -

1. Which of the following is not a condition for become a citizen of India?
a. Birth b. Descent c. Naturalisation d. Acquiring Property
2. Who is competent to prescribe conditions as for acquiring Indian Citizenship?
a. State Legislatures b. Parliament c. President d. Attorney General
3. The Lok Sabha is also known as
a. Council of states b. The Upper House
c. The House of the People d. Parliament
4. The chairman of the Rajya Sabha is the
a. President of India b. Vice President of India
c. Prime Minister of India d. None of the above
5. Which schedule of the constitution of India contains special provisions for the administration and control of schedule areas in several states?
a. Fifth b. Sixth c. Seventh d. Eighth
6. Who was the first Foreign Minister of free India?
a. Jawaharlal Nehru c. Gulzar Lal Nanda
b. Lal Bahadur Shastri d. John Mathai
7. The idea of the constitution of India was first given by
a. Mahatma Gandhi c. Dr BR Ambedkar
b. Jawaharlal Nehru d. MN Roy
8. India become a Sovereign democratic republic on
a. Aug 1, 1947 b. Jan 30, 1948 c. Jan 26, 1909 d. Nov 26, 1949
10. The design of the National Flag was adopted by the constituent assembly of India in
a. July, 1948 b. July, 1990 c. July, 1947 d. August, 1947