

SNBP's INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL, MANJRI.

SST Worksheet - Class 7	Date: 28-Apr-2020
HISTORY	
Q1. Mark the correct answer (✓):	
With which period the Harappan people a. Neolithic age b. Bronze age	
2. The founder of the Buddhist religion	
a. Guru Nanak b. Ashoka	c. Siddhartha
3. The Harappan sites remained closest to a. Indus b. Sutlej c. Ravi	
a. Indus b. Sutlej c. Ravi	c. Chenab
4. Which was not in the worship by the Haa. Mother Goddess b. Pasupathi Six	
5. The birth place of Gautama Buddha	
a. Lumbini b. Kathmandu	c. Kapilavastu
6. Harappan people used to bury dead personal. East b. West c. North	
7. The form of Buddhism that was popular lays the emphasis on meditation a. Zen Buddhism b. Tantric Buddh	•
8. In independent India largest number of a or excavated in: a. Punjab b. Haryana c. Gujar	Harappan civilisation sites have been found rat d. Uttar Pradesh
9. The place of Gautama Buddha's attainm	
a. Bodhgaya b. Kushalnagara	c. Nalanda

10. Bodhgaya is situated on the banks of the river

b. Ganga

c. Brahmaputra

a. Lilanjan

11. T	he first teach	ing of Gautama Bu	uddha after attaining o	enlightenment
	a. The four	noble truths	b. Middle way	c. Nirvana
12. W	hat does the	term "Bodhi" con	note	
	a. Peace	b. Awakening	c. Suffering	
O2. V	Vrite the na	mes of the states v	where the following t	festivals are celebrated:
a)				a
Í				
b)				
c)				haturti
d)	Cnnat Puja			
	Answer the factorial through through the factorial through the factorial through the fac	ollowing: n were nomads?		
Ans-				
2) Ho	ow the discov	very of fire change	d the life of early me	n?
3) W	hat were the	different types of	tools used by early m	en?
Ans-				

Q4. Write a short note about Gautam Buddha: - Ans-



Mindownholitz.com		

GEOGRAPHY

Q	1.	Mark	the	correct	answer:-
---	----	------	-----	---------	----------

- 1) Earth has _____ types of motions.
 a. 2 b. 3 c. 5 d. 1
- 2) Movement of the earth on its axis is called as _____.a. Revolution b. Rotation c. Resolution d. Cycle
- 3) The movement of the earth around the sun in a fixed path or orbit is called
- a. Circular Cycle b. Revolution c. Rotation d. Resolution
- 4) The axis of the earth which is an imaginary line, makes an angle of _____ with its orbital plane.
 - a. 60 Degree b. 90 Degree c. 66 Degree d. 45 Degree

5) The earth takes about to complea. 365 Days b. 24 hours c.	
6) The circle that divide day from the nighta. Circle of Divisionb. None of thesed.	
7) Earth takes to complete one rev a. 365 days b. 48 Hrs c. 24 Hrs	
8) Leap year repeated after a. 4 Year b. 3 Year c. 1 Yea b.	r d. 2 Year
9) What does the diagram represent?	
a. layers of Earth c. layers of theb. layers of the Moon d. layers of the	
10) Layer C is called theand in layers.	t is the of the atmospheric
D C 80 km	690 km
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	stratosphere; coldest stratosphere; hottest
Q2. Fill in the blanks:-	
1. The water on three sides.	is a piece of land that is surrounded by

2.	India is located in the		_ Hemisphere.
3.	is the	second most populous cou	intry of the world.
4.	Sri Lanka and Maldives are	India's	countries.
5.	Sri Lanka is separated from	India by the	Ocean.
6.	is t	he smallest state in India.	
7.	me	ans 'the abode of snow'.	
8.	The northern most range of	Himalaya is known as	·
~	r the following: tinguish between latitude and	longitude.	
	the correct answer(✓):-		
•	ament of India has ho		
a. 2	b. 6 c. 7	d. 3	
~ ~	bha is also called cliament b. House of peo	pple c. Council of sta	tes
~ ~	bha has members 5 b. 250 c. 238	d. 219	
5. Lok Sabh	na has members		
a. 550	b. 552 c. 545	d. None of these	
7. How mar	ny members are nominated in	Lok Sabha by president?	
a. 2	b. 4 c. 5	d. 7	

8. Parliament of India is law making institution
a. Midst b. Supreme c. Lowest d. All of above
2.Fill in the blanks: -
1) India is a country.
Ans
2) Name the key feature of democratic government.
Ans
3) Irrespective of their wealth and communities each and every adult in country has
right to give one vote. True/False
Ans
4) In India caste system is the most common form of inequality. True/False
Ans
5) Every person is equal before the law. True/False
Ans
6) Only rich person can use the bathing Ghats and well. True/False
Ans
7) Every person has access to all public places like malls, playground and markets.
What do you understand by this?
Ans
8) According to the provision of constitution "untouchability has been abolished".
True/ False.

Ans	
)When persons are treated unequally there	is violated.
Ans	